

Awarded ...



G. P. Winter



R. A. Lerner



W. Uhl



H. Waldmann



F. Schüth

Prince of Asturias Award for Richard A. Lerner and Sir Gregory P. Winter

The Prince of Asturias Foundation bestows the Prince of Asturias Award (Premios Príncipe de Asturias) for Scientific and Technical Research annually for work that represents a "significant contribution to the progress and welfare of mankind". Richard A. Lerner (The Scripps Research Institute, La Jolla) and Gregory P. Winter (University of Cambridge) have been announced as winners of the 2012 award, and were honored for their contribution to the field of immunology through their research on antibodies.

Gregory P. Winter studied at the University of Cambridge and carried out his PhD at the Laboratory of Molecular Biology (LMB) at the Medical Research Council in Cambridge. After postdoctoral work at Imperial College London and at the LMB, he joined the scientific staff there in 1981, and was Deputy Director from 2006–2011. He became Master of Trinity College Cambridge in 2012. Winter was made a Fellow of the Royal Society in 1990, and was knighted in 2004. He was honored for his work on the humanization of antibodies so they are not rejected by the human immune system. Winter has recently reported in *ChemMedChem* on the inhibitory activities of bicyclic peptides.^[1]

Richard A. Lerner studied at Northwestern University and Stanford University Medical School, where he received his MD degree in 1964. He joined the Scripps Clinic and Research Foundation, La Jolla, in 1965. After many years serving as President of The Scripps Research Institute he is now Lita Annenberg Hazen Professor of Immunochemistry and Institute Professor, as well as a member of the Skaggs Institute for Chemical Biology, at the Scripps Research Institute. Lerner received the prize for his research on combinatorial antibody libraries. He is on the International Advisory Board of *Angewandte Chemie*.

Alfred Stock Memorial Prize for Werner Uhl

The Alfred Stock Memorial Prize is awarded by the Gesellschaft Deutscher Chemiker (GDCh; German Chemical Society) every two years for work in the area of inorganic chemistry. Werner Uhl (University of Münster) has been awarded the 2012 prize. Uhl studied at the University of Karlsruhe, where he obtained his PhD (supervised by Gerd Becker) in 1980. From 1981–1982, he worked at NUKEM GmbH, and in 1983, he moved to the University of Stuttgart, where he completed his habilitation in 1989 and was lecturer from 1990–1992. He was appointed professor at the University of Oldenburg in 1992, moved to the University of

Marburg in 1999, and joined the University of Münster in 2004. Uhl's research interests are in the organoelement chemistry of Group 3 elements from aluminum to indium. He has reported in *Angewandte Chemie* on frustrated Lewis pairs.^[3] Uhl is on the Editorial Board of *ZAAC*.

Emil Fischer Medal for Herbert Waldmann

Herbert Waldmann (Max Planck Institute for Molecular Physiology and Technische Universität Dortmund) is the recipient of the 2012 Emil Fischer Medal, which is awarded every two years by the GDCh for work in the area of organic chemistry. Waldmann's research include developing new methods for the synthesis of biological probes. He is a member of the Editorial Board of *Angewandte Chemie*, where he recently published an Editorial on drug discovery, [4a] and the Editorial Advisory Board of *ChemBioChem*. Waldmann was recently featured in this section. [4b]

Wilhelm Klemm Prize for Ferdi Schüth

Ferdi Schüth (Max Planck Institute for Coal Research, Mülheim an der Ruhr) has won the Wilhelm Klemm Prize, which is awarded by the GDCh for internationally recognized research in inorganic chemistry. Schüth's research involves the synthesis and characterization of inorganic materials, with particular focus on heterogenous catalysis. He has recently reported in *Chemistry—A European Journal* on the synthesis of mesostructured metal oxides. [5a] Schüth, who is on the International Advisory Boards of *ChemCatChem*, *ChemSus-Chem*, and *Chemistry—An Asian Journal*, and the Advisory Board of *Advanced Materials*, was also recently highlighted in the News section. [5b,c]

- [1] V. Baeriswyl, H. Rapley, L. Pollaro, C. Stace, D. Teufel, E. Walker, S. Chen, G. Winter, J. Tite, C. Heinis, *ChemMedChem* 2012, 7, 1173.
- [2] R. A. Lerner, Angew. Chem. 2006, 118, 8284; Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. 2006, 45, 8106.
- [3] C. Appelt, J. C. Slootweg, K. Lammertsma, W. Uhl, Angew. Chem. 2012, 124, 6013; Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. 2012, 50, 5911.
- [4] a) H. Waldmann, Angew. Chem. 2012, 124, 6388;
 Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. 2012, 51, 6284; b) Angew.
 Chem. 2011, 123, 6329; Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. 2011, 50, 6205.
- [5] a) H. Tüysüz, C. Weidenthaler, F. Schüth, Chem. Eur. J. 2012, 18, 5080; b) Angew. Chem. 2011, 123, 8619;
 Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. 2011, 50, 8469; c) Angew. Chem. 2011, 123, 12341; Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. 2011, 50, 12137.

DOI: 10.1002/anie.201206202